

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Gloster Nuvo Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Gloster Nuvo Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, the statement of profit and loss, (including the statement of other comprehensive income), the cash flow statement and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (the "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants (ICAI) of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

### Information Other than the financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Managements' Responsibility for the Financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time;





- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirement of section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion, the company has not paid any managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2024 to its directors and accordingly the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act is not applicable; and

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - I. The Company does not have any pending litigations which may impact its financial position in its financial statements;
  - II. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as on March 31, 2024;
  - III. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - IV. (a) The management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 35(f) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;  
  
(b) The management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 35(g) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and  
  
(c) Based on our audit procedures that are considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under paragraph 2(h) (iv)(a) &(b) above, contain any material mis-statement.
  - V. The Company has neither declared any dividend in previous financial year nor declared any dividend in current year. Accordingly, reporting on compliance of Section 123 of the Act is not applicable.





# Singhi & Co.

Chartered Accountants

.....contd.

- VI. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software (refer Note 39 to the financial statements). Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.



For Singhi & Co.  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration Number: 302049E

Ankit Dhelia.

Ankit Dhelia  
Partner

Membership Number: 069178  
UDIN : 24069178BKFD0I3279

Place: Kolkata  
Date: May 29, 2024



## Annexure A

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of the Company of even date)

- i. (a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.  
(a)(B) The Company has not capitalized any intangible assets in the books of the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.  
(b) The property, plant and equipment were physically verified during the year by the management. According to the information and explanation given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.  
(c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.  
(d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2024.  
(e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- ii. (a) As explained to us, inventories were physically verified during the year by the management post commencement of commercial production. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate and the discrepancies noticed on such verifications of inventories as compared to the book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.  
(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iii. (a)(b)(c)(d) During the year the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a)(b)(c)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.  
(e) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties which was fallen due during the year, that have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same parties.  
(f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security has been made by the company during the year in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs and other statutory dues applicable to it.





According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) There are no dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess, goods and service tax and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- viii. The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. (a) Based on our audit procedures performed by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) Based on our audit procedures performed by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained except certain portion pending deployment which has been parked in Fixed Deposits with Bank.
- (d) The Company did not raise any funds on short term basis during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) & (f) The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e)&(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, which has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by the cost auditor/ secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government during the year.
- (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. (a)(b)(c) The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii)(a) (b)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the company issued till date, for the period under audit.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.





- xvi. (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtained a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information, explanations and management representation provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any Core Investment Company.
- xvii. The Company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs.73.39 lakhs in the current year and amounting to Rs. 53.16 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year respectively.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.
- xx. (a) & (b) The company is not liable to spent on account of corporate social responsibility under section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xx)(a)&(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xxi. The Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture and there is no requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For Singhi & Co.  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration Number: 302049E



Ankit Dhelia

Ankit Dhelia  
Partner

Membership Number:069178  
UDIN: 24069178BKFD0I3279

Place: Kolkata  
Date: May 29, 2024



## ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of even date)

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Gloster Nuvo Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal financial controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial statements.





## Inherent limitations of Internal financial controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Singhi & Co.  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration Number: 302049E

*Ankit Dhelia*

Ankit Dhelia  
Partner

UDIN: 24069178BKFD013279



Place: Kolkata  
Date: May 29, 2024



**SHREYA NANO LIMITED**  
**CHS 22/SHREYANANOPOLIS/2012/18**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024**

(All amounts in ₹, lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	09(i)	11,895.95	21.68
Right of use Assets	9	1,759.54	1,822.82
Capital work in Progress	09(ii)	5,640.82	5,477.34
Intangible assets under development	09(i)	5.52	5.53
<b>Financial assets</b>			
(i) Other Financial assets	9	62.12	28.22
Non-current tax assets	9	5.48	4.52
Other non-current assets	7	1,678.27	917.12
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>20,017.68</b>	<b>12,680.91</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Inventory	9	189.24	-
<b>Financial assets</b>			
(i) Trade Receivables	9	60.20	-
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	189.22	621.51
(iii) Bank balances other than (i) above	11	1,079.82	79.23
(iv) Other Current Financial assets	9	4.82	5.79
Other current assets	12	772.48	91.18
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>2,195.96</b>	<b>796.61</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>22,213.64</b>	<b>13,477.52</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity share capital	13	6,600.00	6,600.00
Other equity	14	(298.82)	(282.61)
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>6,301.18</b>	<b>6,317.39</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
(i) Borrowings	15	12,898.22	4,540.51
(ii) Lease liabilities	16	1,752.59	1,759.87
(iii) Other Financial liabilities	17	175.68	125.27
Provisions	18	3.34	1.51
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>14,829.83</b>	<b>6,427.16</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
<b>Financial liabilities</b>			
(i) Borrowings	15	287.55	-
(ii) Lease liabilities	16	129.82	-
(iii) Trade payables	19	-	-
(iv) Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises		-	-
(v) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small Enterprises		24.76	21.97
(vi) Other Financial liabilities	17	967.27	120.72
Provisions	18	9.28	9.27
Other current liabilities	20	22.42	4.52
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>1,306.38</b>	<b>156.48</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>16,136.21</b>	<b>6,583.64</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>22,213.64</b>	<b>13,477.52</b>

Corporate Information

Material Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date.

For Singh & Co.  
 Firm Registration No. 000046  
 Chartered Accountants

*Anil Dhillon*

Anil Dhillon  
 Partner  
 Membership No. 000174



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

*[Signature]* 11/5

*[Signature]* 2/1/5

*[Signature]* 2/1/5

*[Signature]* 2/1/5

*[Signature]* 2/1/5

Place: Gurgaon  
 Date: 1 May 2024

*Rina Kaur* Company Secretary



(All amounts in Rs. lakhs)

Particulars	Notes	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
<b>INCOME</b>			
Revenue from operations	21	51.27	-
Other income	22	15.49	17.53
<b>Total Income</b>		<b>66.76</b>	<b>17.53</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Cost of materials consumed	23	68.62	-
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	24	(51.41)	-
Finance costs	25	5.52	1.24
Employee benefits expense	26	22.65	12.67
Depreciation and amortisation expense	27	27.48	5.30
Other expenses	28	130.04	58.01
<b>Total Expenses</b>		<b>202.90</b>	<b>77.22</b>
<b>Profit before Exceptional Item and Tax</b>	(A)	<b>(116.04)</b>	<b>(59.69)</b>
Exceptional items	(B)	-	-
<b>Profit before Tax</b>	(A-B)	<b>(116.04)</b>	<b>(59.69)</b>
<b>Tax expenses</b>			
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred Tax		-	-
Income Tax for Earlier Years		0.08	(6.57)
<b>Total Tax expenses</b>		<b>0.08</b>	<b>(6.57)</b>
<b>Profit / (Loss) after Tax for the year</b>	(C)	<b>(116.12)</b>	<b>(53.12)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income/(loss)</b>			
(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Re-measurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit obligation		(0.07)	(0.09)
Income Tax effect on above		-	-
(b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (net of tax)			
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>	(D)	<b>(0.07)</b>	<b>(0.09)</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive Income for the year</b>	(C+D)	<b>(116.19)</b>	<b>(53.21)</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>			
Basic and Diluted (Nominal Value per Share Rs.10/-)	29	(0.16)	(0.08)

Corporate Information

1

Material Accounting Policies

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

For Singh & Co.  
Firm Registration No. 3020496  
Chartered Accountants



Ankit Dhella  
Partner  
Membership No. 669178



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

 Director H.S.

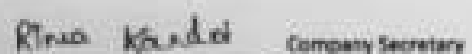
 Director D.S.

 Director

 CEO

 CFO

Place : Kolkata  
Date : / May 29, 2024

 Company Secretary



Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2024

(All amounts in Rs. lakhs)	
A. Equity share capital	Amount
As at 31 March 2022	6,600.00
Add: Shares issued during the year	-
Less: Shares cancelled during the year	-
As at 31 March 2023	6,600.00
Add: Shares issued during the year	-
Less: Shares cancelled during the year	-
As at 31 March 2024	6,600.00

B. Other equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus		Other Reserves	Total
	Retained Earnings		Actuarial Gain/Loss on Defined benefit Obligations	
Balance as at the March 31, 2022	(229.44)	-	-	(229.44)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(53.12)	-	-	(53.12)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.09)
Transfer from Other Comprehensive Income to Retained Earnings	(0.09)	0.09	-	0.00
Balance as at the March 31, 2023	(282.65)	-	-	(282.65)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(116.12)	-	-	(116.12)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	(0.07)	(0.07)	(0.07)
Transfer from Other Comprehensive Income to Retained Earnings	(0.07)	0.07	-	0.00
Balance as at the March 31, 2024	(398.84)	-	-	(398.84)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

For Singh & Co.  
Firm Registration No. 3030492  
Chartered Accountants

*Ankit Dheja*

Ankit Dheja  
Partner  
Membership No. 066178



For CEO on behalf of Board of Directors

*[Signature]* Director *NA*

*[Signature]* Director *DCS*

*[Signature]* Director

*[Signature]* CEO

*[Signature]* CFO

Place : Kolkata  
Date : May 29, 2024

*Rina Kandoi* Company Secretary



Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
<b>(A) Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Profit before tax	1,14,00	79,00
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	21,48	1,31
Finance Cost	4,32	1,24
Capital Work in Progress written off	1,00	2,75
Interest Income	(2,00)	(20,00)
Gain on lease modifications	(9,24)	0,00
Unrealised Foreign Exchange gain/loss	-	(1,52)
<b>Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities</b>	<b>(91,00)</b>	<b>(97,00)</b>
Adjustments for:		
Increased / Decrease in trade receivables	(91,20)	-
Increased / Decrease in inventories	(288,00)	-
Increased / Decrease in Financial and other assets	(970,00)	(91,81)
Decreased / Increase in Financial and other liabilities	38,00	(1,57)
Decreased / Increase in provisions	4,37	0,00
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>(975,83)</b>	<b>(120,38)</b>
Income taxes paid (net of refunds)	(1,00)	0,00
<b>Net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities</b>	<b>(976,83)</b>	<b>(120,38)</b>
<b>(B) Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Payments for acquisition of assets, plant and equipment/ intangible assets (including Cash, Capital Assets & Capital Expenditure)	(2710,00)	(2440,00)
Payments for acquisition of rights of subsidiaries	-	(21,00)
Investment in/ Redemption of Fixed Deposit with bank (Interest received)	184,00	229,78
	42,26	67,78
<b>Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities</b>	<b>(2483,74)</b>	<b>(2087,22)</b>
<b>(C) Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Interim dividend paid	1,000,00	1,000,00
Interim dividend received	-	(200,00)
Proceeds from long term borrowings (Net)	1,00,00	4,00,00
Payment of lease liabilities	(80,00)	0,00
Interest paid	(681,00)	(181,00)
<b>Net cash inflow / (outflow) from financing activities</b>	<b>639,00</b>	<b>619,00</b>
<b>Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)</b>	<b>(371,57)</b>	<b>411,40</b>
Cash and cash equivalents - Opening balance	621,21	179,81
Cash and cash equivalents - Closing balance	249,64	591,21

Notes:

1. Cash and cash equivalents as per above comprise of the following:

	2024	2023
Cash on hand	1,54	0,00
Balance with banks in current accounts	24,00	1,11,20
Balance with banks in fixed deposit accounts	-	100,00
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents (Refer Note-2D)</b>	<b>25,54</b>	<b>101,20</b>

2. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' as set out in Ind AS 1, 'Statement of Cash Flows'.

Statement of Net Debt Reconciliation:	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Opening balance as at April 01	4,246,55	-
Amount Interest but not due as at April 01	-	-
Cash Flow (Net)	6,666,04	6,000,00
Net Cash Change	-	-
Fair Value Changes	-	-
Debt finance costs and amortisation (Interest)	-	(75,00)
Interest Expense	100,00	75,17
Interest Paid	(100,71)	(90,40)
Amount Interest but not due as at March 31	30,14	-
<b>Closing Balance as at March 31</b>	<b>10,942,98</b>	<b>6,000,00</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

In our first report of year date

For Singh & Co.  
 Chartered Accountants

*Amit Singh*  
 Amit Singh  
 Partner  
 Membership No. 106128



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

*Rajendra Singh*  
*Dr. Anil Kumar*  
*Manoj Kumar*  
*Praveen*  
*[Signature]*

Place: Gurgaon  
 Date: 04/05/2024

*Amita Kaur*  
 Company Secretary



## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

### **Note 1: Corporate Information**

Gloster Nuvo Limited is a public company within the meaning of Companies Act, 2013 and incorporated on 17<sup>th</sup> January, 2020. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Gloster Limited and shall be engaged in manufacture and sale of Jute & allied products from its manufacturing facilities at Bauria, West Bengal. The company has commenced its commercial operations w.e.f 30<sup>th</sup> March, 2024.

These financial statements of the company as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 have been approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 29<sup>th</sup> May, 2024.

### **Note 2: Basis of Preparation**

#### **2.1 Compliance with Ind AS**

These financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and other relevant provisions of the Act.

#### **2.2 Classification of current and non-current**

All asset and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements and Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### **2.3 New and amended standards adopted by the company**

The company has applied the following amendments to Ind AS for the first time from the annual reporting period commencing April 1, 2023:

- Ind AS 1 – Material accounting policies
- Ind AS 8 – Definition of accounting estimates.
- Ind AS 12 – Annual Improvements to Ind AS (2021)

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

#### **2.4 Historical cost convention**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention, except for the following:

- certain financial assets and liabilities those are measured at fair value
- defined benefit plans - plan assets measured at fair value

#### **2.5 Functional and Presentation Currency**

The financial statements have been presented in Indian Rupee, which is also the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Indian Rupees has been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirements of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.





## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

### **2.6 Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period.

Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in future periods.

#### **2.6A Critical estimates and judgements**

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies.

This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed.

- (i) Estimation of defined benefit obligation
- (ii) Estimated fair value of unlisted securities
- (iii) Recognition of deferred tax assets for carried forward tax losses
- (iv) Useful life of property, plant and equipments and intangible assets
- (v) Extension and Termination Option in Leases

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### **2.7 Material Accounting Policies**

#### **2.7A Property, Plant and equipment and Depreciation**

- a) All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.
- b) Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.
- c) Depreciation is provided on Straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Pursuant to Notification of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 becoming effective, the Company has adopted the useful lives as per the lives specified for the respective fixed assets in the Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.
- d) Gains and losses on disposal of Property, plant and equipment is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.
- e) An impairment loss is recognized where applicable when the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment exceeds its recoverable amount.





## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

### **2.7B Leases**

#### **As a lessee**

Leases are recognised as right of use assets and a correspondence liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the company. Contract may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative standalone prices.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payment:-

- a) Fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentive receivable.
- b) Variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or a rate at the commencement date.
- c) Amount expected to be paid by the Company as under residual value guarantees.
- d) Exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.
- e) Payment of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising that option.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Company:

- a) Where possible, use recent third party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in the financing conditions since third party financing was received
- b) use a built up approach that starts with risk free interest rate adjusted for credit risk of leases held by Gloster Nuvo Limited, which does not have recent third party financing.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to Statement of profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:-

- i) the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- ii) any lease payment made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentive received
- iii) any initial direct cost and
- iv) restoration costs.

Right of use of assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight line basis.

Payment associated with short-term leases of equipment and all the leases of low value assets are recognised on a straight line basis as expenses in the statement of profit and loss. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of less than 12 months or less.

#### **As a Lessor**

Lease income from operating leases where the company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature. The Company did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.





Note: (iii) Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Carrying Amount		
	As at		(Increase)/	As at	As at	(Increase)/	As at	As at	As at		
	31 March 2022	addition	adjustments	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	for the year	adjustments	31 March 2023	31 March 2022	31 March 2023	
Buildings	14.79	10,443.00	-	10,457.79	0.07	26.25	-	26.32	10,431.47	10,431.47	
Plant & machinery	0.18	264.47	-	264.65	0.01	1.73	-	1.74	262.91	262.91	
Furniture	0.41	0.41	-	0.82	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.82	0.82	
Vehicle	0.00	-	-	0.00	1.75	0.00	-	1.75	0.00	0.00	
Office equipment	0.77	1.70	-	2.47	0.11	0.47	-	0.58	1.89	1.89	
Computer & Data Processing Equip.	4.40	0.07	-	4.47	1.00	1.00	-	2.00	2.47	2.47	
<b>Total</b>	<b>20.45</b>	<b>11,711.65</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,849.31</b>	<b>1.94</b>	<b>27.45</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>29.39</b>	<b>11,819.92</b>	<b>11,819.92</b>	

Note: (iii) Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Depreciation				Net Carrying Amount		
	As at		(Increase)/	As at	As at	(Increase)/	As at	As at	As at		
	31 March 2022	addition	adjustments	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	for the year	adjustments	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	
Buildings	14.79	-	-	14.79	0.14	1.77	-	1.91	13.88	13.88	
Plant & machinery	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Furniture	0.57	0.00	-	0.57	0.00	0.00	-	0.00	0.57	0.57	
Vehicle	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.75	0.00	-	0.75	0.00	0.00	
Office equipment	0.77	0.00	-	0.77	0.00	0.11	-	0.88	0.00	0.00	
Computer & Data Processing Equip.	4.40	0.00	-	4.40	1.00	1.00	-	2.00	2.40	2.40	
<b>Total</b>	<b>20.43</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20.43</b>	<b>1.90</b>	<b>2.88</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4.79</b>	<b>15.64</b>	<b>15.64</b>	

Note:

(a) The company has taken lease on long term lease basis and all immovable property / construction work in progress is being carried on the deferred treatment and being classified as right of use assets. Accordingly, there are no other immovable properties in the books of the company.

(b) The Company has not disclosed its Property, Plant and Equipment (including right of use assets) and intangible assets during the year.





**Note: 302 Capital Work in Progress**

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Work carrying amount			
	As at 31 March 2022	Additions	Capitalised during the year**	As at 31 March 2023
Building (including land/land development)	5,824.32	1,125.32	9,377.87	1,827.56
Plant & machinery	1.80	441.31	-	847.31
Internal Road	117.14	91.90	-	348.24
Plant & Machinery	76.52	1,477.88	817.78	1,716.81
Other**	378.08	1,022.77	1,098.37	385.76
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,477.86</b>	<b>3,689.28</b>	<b>11,314.02</b>	<b>3,646.67</b>

\* Includes amount of Rs. 1.48 lakhs written off

\*\* Includes impact of loss of production and job-profits cost during the Trial Run period

**Note: 303 Capital Work in Progress**

Particulars	Work Carrying Amount			
	As at 31 March 2022	Additions	Depreciation adjustments	As at 31 March 2023
Building (including land/land development)	1,725.24	1,437.87	-	3,868.21
Plant & machinery	1.80	-	-	1.80
Internal Road	117.14	91.90	-	117.14
Plant & Machinery	-	76.72	-	76.52
Other**	111.28	384.93	-	114.08
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,955.46</b>	<b>1,991.42</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,477.75</b>

**Capital Work in Progress (CWIP) arising as at 31 March, 2022**

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	4,275.17	388.37	114.71	11.89	4,860.14
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

**Capital Work in Progress (CWIP) arising as at 31 March, 2023**

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	4,275.17	1,122.90	111.98	-	5,510.05
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

Note: 302(i) There are no projects as on each reporting period where activity had been suspended. Also, as on the current reporting period, the estimated project cost (as per management's best estimates) has exceeded to budget by approximately 20 % as compared to its original plan. Further, the company has capitalized part of the project in current financial year and expects the balance portion of the project to be completed in FY 2024 (2), which is around 24 months earlier than the original estimated plan.

CWIP	To be completed in			
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years
Project in progress	1,442.82	-	-	-





**ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period from 1st April, 2022 to 31st March, 2024

**Note 10: Other intangible assets under development**

Particulars	Software	Total
Balance as at 31 March 2022	-	-
Additions	5.52	5.52
Depreciation	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2023	5.52	5.52
Additions	-	-
Depreciation	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	5.52	5.52

**Intangible assets under development ageing schedule as at 31 March 2023**

Intangible assets under development	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	-	5.52	-	-	5.52
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

**Intangible assets under development ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024**

Intangible assets under development	Amount in intangible assets under development for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	5.52	-	-	-	5.52
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-	-

**Note 10(B):** There are no projects as on each reporting period where activity had been suspended. Also there are no projects as on the reporting period which has exceeded cost as compared to its original plan or where completion is overdue.





Notes to the financial statements for the period from 01 April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024

Note: 8 (B) (i) of the Accounts

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	Gross carrying amount				Accumulated amortisation			Net carrying amount	
	As at 31 March 2023	Additions	Depreciation/ amortisation	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	For the period	Depreciation/ amortisation	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Leasehold Land	1,715.04	-	0.00	1,715.04	123.06	38.54	-	161.71	1,553.33
Total	1,715.04	-	0.00	1,715.04	123.06	38.54	-	161.71	1,553.33

Particulars	Gross Carrying Amount				Accumulated Depreciation			Net carrying amount	
	As at 31 March 2022	Additions	Depreciation/ amortisation	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	For the period	Depreciation/ amortisation	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Leasehold Land	1,715.04	-	-	1,715.04	95.12	30.71	-	125.83	1,589.21
Total	1,715.04	-	-	1,715.04	95.12	30.71	-	125.83	1,589.21

Note 8(B)(i) - The Company has entered into lease agreement for a term of thirty years commencing from January 15, 2023 for factory land situated at Baram, West Bengal with its below subsidiaries. The lease payments are on fixed annual basis along with an escalation clause with an option to renew at the end of lease period.

Note 8(B)(ii) - The movement in lease liabilities during the year ended is as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Opening Balance	1,715.04	1,682.35
Additions	-	-
Company lease amount during the year	134.85	135.12
Depreciation / Amortisation	(117.67)	-
Payment of lease liabilities	(99.99)	(117.38)
Closing Balance	1,631.23	1,710.09
Current Lease liabilities	135.00	135.00
Note - Current lease liabilities	1,715.04	1,715.04

\* Financial year payment pertains to security deposit paid at the earlier





**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period from 1st April, 2019 to 31st March, 2020

**Note 4(i) Amount recognized in statement of Profit or Loss**

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Interest expense on lease liabilities	6.76	-
Depreciation expense of right of use assets	5.22	-
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in other expenses)	-	-
Expense relating to low value lease (included in other expenses)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>12.98</b>	<b>-</b>

During the year all commitments of commercial production, the company has capitalized interest expense on lease liabilities, and Depreciation on ROU assets aggregating to Rs. 12.98 lakhs (FY 18: 0.00 lakhs)

**Note 4(ii) Amounts recognized in the statement of cash flow**

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Total cash outflow for operating interest portion of lease liabilities	66.80	-
Total cash outflow for short-term/low value lease liabilities	-	-

**Note 4(iii) Future payment of lease liabilities on an unamortized basis are as follows:**

Particulars	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Less than one year	100.00	100.00
One to five years	174.97	174.97
More than five years	6,184.74	6,176.74
<b>Total unamortized lease liabilities</b>	<b>6,459.71</b>	<b>6,451.71</b>

Note 4(iii) The weighted average incremental borrowing rate of 7.75% has been applied to lease liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet.





**Note 1 Other Financial Assets**

As per Schedule III, 2019

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022		As at 31st March 2023	
	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs	Rs. Lakhs
Government securities (on cost/float cost)	-	-	-	-
Security deposits for various authorities, Government Institutions and Government securities (on cost/float cost)	25.00	-	25.00	-
Security deposits of 17%	25.00	-	-	-
Investment in Bank Deposits	-	2.00	-	2.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>50.00</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>25.00</b>	<b>2.75</b>

**Note 2 Bank Deposits (on cost/float)**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2023
Bank Deposits, Term & 17% float cost of government	2.00	2.75
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>2.75</b>

**Note 3 Other Current Assets (net)**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2023
Government securities (on cost/float cost)	200.00	200.00
Advance for Capital goods	20.00	-
Prepaid Expenses	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>220.00</b>	<b>200.00</b>

**Note 4 Investments**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2023
Investment in Government of India or its Public Sector Undertakings	10.00	-
Investment in Mutual Funds	10.00	-
Investment in Bonds	20.00	-
Investment in Equity	60.00	-
<b>As at 31st March 2022</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>-</b>
Investment in Equity	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>-</b>

Investment in equity of companies is not allowed to project.

**Note 5 Trade Receivables**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2023
Trade Receivables	-	-
Government Securities (on cost/float cost)	20.00	-
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Trade receivables	20.00	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>-</b>

- a) Trade receivables are from Government of India of the company is Rs. 20.00 Lakhs.
- b) Trade receivables are generally non-interest bearing and on terms of 12-30 days.
- c) Trade receivables aging schedule.

Particulars	Aging Schedule (Age: Frequency of payment as on March 31, 2023)					
	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 months	3 to 6 months	6 to 12 months	More than 12 months	Total
Government Securities (on cost/float cost)	-	20.00	-	-	-	20.00
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>20.00</b>

There are no overdue Trade Receivables as at 31st March, 2022. Total Trade Receivables as at 31st March, 2023 are Rs. 20.00 Lakhs.

**Note 6 Cash and cash equivalents**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2023
Cash on hand	0.50	0.50
Balance with Banks:		
As Current Accounts	100.00	100.00
As Fixed Deposit (original maturity less than 3 months)	-	200.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.50</b>	<b>300.50</b>

**Note 7 Other Bank Balances**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2023
Fixed Deposits with Banks	200.00	20.00
Opening of fixed deposits more than three months but less than twelve months	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>200.00</b>	<b>20.00</b>

- a) Fixed Deposits with these banks of total amounting to Rs. 220.00 Lakhs with a fixed order (can against) maturing within of 12 to 36 months ending by the company.

**Note 8 Other Current Liabilities**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2023
Advance from Government of India	100.00	100.00
Advance from Government of India	0.00	-
Advance from suppliers of Goods and Services	0.00	0.00
Trade Payables	0.00	0.00
Other Payables	0.00	0.00
Lease & Advances to Employees	0.00	0.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>





**Note 12 Equity shares held**

**(A) Authorized, issued, subscribed and fully paid up share**

Particulars	Fully paid up	
	Number of shares	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
As at 01st March, 2022	1,00,00,000	1000.00
Less: Shares issued during the period		
As at 31st March, 2023	1,00,00,000	1000.00
As at 01st March, 2022	1,00,00,000	1000.00
As at 31st March, 2023	1,00,00,000	1000.00

**(B) Unpaid terms and conditions**

The Company has no share of its own referred to as Equity Shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- in the event of liquidation of the Company, the equity shareholders will be entitled to receive assets of the Company remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion of their contribution.

**(C) Shares, subscribed and fully paid up share**

Particulars	As at 01st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2023	
	Number of shares	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Number of shares	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
Issued (entirely) holding companies	1,00,00,000	1000.00	1,00,00,000	1000.00

**(d) Details of the shareholders by holding company**

Name of the shareholder	As at 01st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2023	
	Number of shares	% Share holding	Number of shares	% Share holding
Issued (entirely) holding companies	1,00,00,000	100%	1,00,00,000	100%

**(E) Details of the shareholders holding more than 1% of the Company**

Name of the shareholder	As at 01st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2023	
	Number of shares	% Share holding	Number of shares	% Share holding
Issued (entirely) holding companies	1,00,00,000	100%	1,00,00,000	100%

**(F) Share held by promoters at the end of the year**

Name of the Promoter	As at 01st March, 2022			As at 31st March, 2023		
	No. of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. of shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Issued (entirely) holding companies	1,00,00,000	100.00%	-	1,00,00,000	100.00%	-

- The company has neither issued bonus shares nor has bought back any shares since date of incorporation.
- No officers or directors have been interested for loan under system and contractual commitments for the use of Company's shareholdings as of
- No securities under the and Treasury Preference shares have been issued by the Company since date of incorporation.
- No calls are issued by any Director or Officer of the Company since date of incorporation.

**Note 13 Other Equity**

**A. Reserve Surplus**

Particulars	2022 (amounts in Rs. Lakhs)	
	As at 01st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	120.00	120.00
Profit/(Loss) for the year	1.00	1.00
Transfers of other comprehensive income/(expense) directly to retained earnings	-	-
Transfers of other comprehensive income/(expense) directly to retained earnings	-	-
Balance at the end of the year (Rs. Lakhs)	121.00	121.00

**B. Other comprehensive income: Measurement of defined benefit obligation**

Particulars	As at 01st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2023	
	Balance at the beginning of the year	0.00	0.00	0.00
Measurement of defined benefit obligation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Less: Income tax effect on the measurement of defined benefit obligation	-	-	-	-
Less: Transferred to retained earnings	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Balance at the end of the year (Rs. Lakhs)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

**Notes and reports of members**

**(A) Reserve Surplus**

The reserve represents the cumulative profit/(loss) of the Company after appropriation. The reserve can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**(B) Dividend Reserve**

Dividend reserve is created and utilized in compliance with provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**(C) Defined benefit obligation through Other comprehensive income**

Measurement of defined benefit plans comprises actuarial gains and losses and interest on plan asset (excluding financial assets) which are recognized in other comprehensive income and are immediately transferred to retained earnings.





Notes to Financial Statements

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024		As at 30 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Secured Borrowings				
Term Loan from Bank	44,700.00	-	44,400.00	-
Current maturities of long-term debt from Bank	-	127.00	-	-
Unsecured Borrowings				
Term Corporate Loan from Housing Company	1,000.00	-	1,000.00	-
Total	45,700.00	127.00	45,400.00	-

16.1 The company has been granted a term loan from State Bank of India & NBFI bank having a sanctioned limit of IN 44,400.00 with a 6-month term requirement. Details of Security & Investment (where applicable) are:

Particulars	Particulars
(a) Term loan from State Bank of India is secured by: (i) First charge on the entire movable & immovable assets of the company, present and future. (ii) Second charge on entire current assets of the company present and future including the stocks of inventory & equipment. (iii) Corporate Guarantee of Director, Mr. Anil Singh, Chairman. (b) Term loan from NBFI Bank is secured by: (i) First Part Pledge Charge on 10,000 units of gold located at address Bhandarkar Building No. 20, 20B, The Lane 11, 12 and Building which will be provided to be construction on the land. (ii) First Part Pledge Charge on current assets of the company, both present and future. (iii) First Part Pledge Charge on fixed and machinery specifically funded to term loan. (iv) Corporate Guarantee of: (i) Director Mr. Anil Singh (Company) (ii) Director Mr. Anil Singh (Company)	The term loan INR 44,400.00 is repayable in 60 months commencing after 3 months of the commercial production of a unit linked to facility. Interest @ 11.00% annual interest shall be payable at monthly rate.  The term loan INR 1,000.00 is repayable in 60 months commencing after 3 months of the commercial production of a unit linked to facility. Interest @ 11.00% annual interest shall be payable at monthly rate.

16.2 The company has been granted a term corporate borrowing amounting to INR 1,000.00 with term from Housing Company which is repayable after a period of 1 year i.e. 30 March 2024 having interest @ 11.00% p.a.

Notes to Equity

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024		As at 30 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Equity (Share Capital, Reserves, etc.)	170.00	1,000.00	170.00	-
Total	170.00	1,000.00	170.00	0.00

Notes to Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024		As at 30 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Supplier Credit	11.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Interest accrued but not due	-	10.00	-	-
Employee related liabilities	-	1.00	-	-
Provision made for doubtful debt on forward contracts	-	10.00	-	-
Contractual Obligations, Contingent liabilities, etc.	-	-	-	11.00
Total	11.00	121.00	100.00	111.00

Notes to Provisions

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024		As at 30 March 2023	
	Non-current	Current	Non-current	Current
Provision for doubtful (Share, Debt, etc.)	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Provision for capital expenditure	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Notes to Trade payables

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024	As at 30 March 2023
Total unsecured debt of equity shareholders and small enterprises	-	-
Total unsecured debt of creditors other than equity shareholders and small enterprises	11.00	11.00
Total	11.00	11.00

16.3 Trade Payables Analysis Schedule

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024				More than 3 Years	Total
	Current	1 year	2-3 years	3-5 years		
Total unsecured debt of equity shareholders and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total unsecured debt of creditors other than equity shareholders and small enterprises	1.00	10.00	-	0.00	-	11.00
Total	1.00	10.00	-	0.00	-	11.00

Particulars	As at 30 March 2023				More than 3 Years	Total
	Current	1 year	2-3 years	3-5 years		
Total unsecured debt of equity shareholders and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total unsecured debt of creditors other than equity shareholders and small enterprises	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	0.00
Total	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	0.00

16.4 Dividends as required under the terms, read with Section 70 of the Companies Act, 2013, as the dividend declaration and payment notification number 024/2023 dated 14 September, 2023.

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024	As at 30 March 2023
(a) The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to the holder at the end of each accounting year: - Dividend amount - Dividend interest on amount	-	-
(b) The amount of dividend paid to the holder in terms of bonus (if any) of the shares, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2008 (SME Act) of 2008, along with the amount of the dividend made to the holder (where applicable) during each accounting year.	-	-
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the entire period of issuing dividend which has been paid but interest the approved the during the year but without adding the interest specified under the terms, read with Section 70 of the Companies Act, 2013.	-	-
(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
(e) The amount of unpaid interest remaining due and payable even at the concluding year, with-out due when the interest due there are actually paid to the small enterprises, for the purpose of determination of a debenture holder's credit under (2) of the terms, read with Section 70 of the Companies Act, 2013.	-	-

The information has been determined to the extent best practice has been followed on the basis of information available with the Company.

Notes to Other Income

Particulars	As at 30 March 2024	As at 30 March 2023
Dividend Income	0.00	0.00
Total	0.00	0.00





**GLOSTER NUVO LIMITED**

Notes to the financial statements for the period from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024

**Note: 21 Revenue from Operations**

(All amounts in Rs. Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Sale of Finished Goods (Auto Goods)	75.90	-
Less: Transfer to WIP (including for Trial Run period)	(24.53)	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>51.37</b>	<b>-</b>

**A. Nature of goods and services**

The following is a description of principal activities separated by reportable segments from which the Company generates its revenue

a) The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of Auto & allied products and the same is only the reportable segment of the Company

b) There are no adjustment between the contracted price and revenue recognised.

**B) Disaggregation of revenue**

In the following table, revenue is disaggregated by primary geographical market, major products lines and timing of revenue recog

i) Primary Geographical Markets	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Within India	51.37	-
Outside India	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>51.37</b>	<b>0.00</b>

ii) Breakup of Sale of goods:	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Auto Goods	51.37	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>51.37</b>	<b>-</b>

iii) Timing of Revenue	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
At a point in time	51.37	-
Over time	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>51.37</b>	<b>0.00</b>

iv) Contract Duration	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Long Term	-	-
Short Term	51.37	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>51.37</b>	<b>0.00</b>

**C. Contract balances**

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers

	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Receivables, which are included in "Trade receivables" (Note 8)	80.29	-
Contract assets	-	-
Contract liabilities	-	-





**GLOSTER NAWO LIMITED**

Notes to the Financial statements for the period from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024

**Note: 22 Other Income**

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Interest income on deposits from bank	41.28	14.07
Interest on Income Tax Refund	0.58	0.25
Interest income on security deposits	2.27	1.68
Gain / (Loss) on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation & Translation	11.34	1.51
Gain on utilization of Duty Credit Smp	0.65	-
Rent	21.25	-
Gain on Lease modifications	5.04	-
	<b>83.81</b>	<b>17.51</b>
Less: Transfer to Capital Work in Progress	(20.32)	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>63.49</b>	<b>17.51</b>

**Note: 23 Cost of Material Consumed**

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	-	-
Add : Purchases ( net )	158.41	-
Less : Inventory at the end of the year	75.85	-
	<b>82.56</b>	<b>-</b>
Less: Transfer to CWIP (excluding for Trial Run period)	(4.34)	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>78.22</b>	<b>0.00</b>

**Note: 24 Changes in inventories of Finished goods and Work-in-progress**

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Inventories at the end of the year		
Work-in-progress	13.87	-
Finished Goods	37.59	-
<b>Total (A)</b>	<b>51.46</b>	<b>-</b>
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Work-in-progress	-	-
Finished Goods	-	-
<b>Total (B)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Increase / (Decrease) in inventories (B-A)</b>	<b>-51.46</b>	<b>-</b>

**Note: 25 Finance Costs**

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Interest Expenses		
- on Term Loans from Banks	673.99	74.48
- on Inter Corporate loan from Holding Company	1.36	58.89
- On Lease liabilities	134.85	190.11
- on Income Tax/Customs Duty	0.28	0.01
	<b>810.48</b>	<b>323.49</b>
Other Borrowing Cost		
- Corporate Guarantee Commission	105.01	17.71
	<b>915.49</b>	<b>341.20</b>
Less: Transfer to Capital Work in Progress	(190.54)	(180.50)
<b>Total</b>	<b>724.95</b>	<b>160.70</b>

**Note: 26 Employee benefit expense**

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2024	For the Year Ended 31st March 2023
Salaries, Wages & Bonus	65.57	48.48
PF Contribution and Other Funds	0.77	-
Gratuity Expenses (Refer note below)	1.87	1.57
	<b>68.21</b>	<b>50.05</b>
Less: Transfer to Capital Work in Progress	(45.54)	(38.13)
<b>Total</b>	<b>22.67</b>	<b>11.92</b>





**Note 10: Defined benefit plan**

Company is a self-administered benefit plan in a defined benefit plan. The plan is governed by the Pension Act, 2013 (No. 35). The liability recognized in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, together with adjustment for unrecognized actuarial gains or losses and past or future cost. Management calculates the defined benefit obligation annually using the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are credited/charged to the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income in the year in which such gains or losses arise.

Particulars	Present value of obligation	Fair value of plan assets	Net amount
<b>As at 1st April 2023</b>			
Opening net at 1st April 2023	0.00	-	0.00
Net service cost	0.00	-	0.00
Current service cost	0.00	-	0.00
Interest expense/(income)	0.00	-	0.00
<b>Total amount recognized in profit or loss</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Re-measurements</b>			
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense/(income)	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(loss) from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(loss) from change in financial assumptions	0.00	-	0.00
Actuarial gains/(loss) from unrecognized actuarial gains	0.00	-	0.00
<b>Total amount recognized in other comprehensive income</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
Employer contributions premium cost	-	-	-
<b>Benefit payments</b>			
Closing net at 31 March 2023	0.00	0.00	0.00
<b>As at 1st April 2024</b>			
Opening net at 1st April 2024	0.00	-	0.00
Net service cost	0.00	-	0.00
Current service cost	0.00	-	0.00
Interest expense/(income)	0.00	-	0.00
<b>Total amount recognized in profit or loss</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>Re-measurements</b>			
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest expense/(income)	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(loss) from change in demographic assumptions	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(loss) from change in financial assumptions	0.00	-	0.00
Actuarial gains/(loss) from unrecognized actuarial gains	0.00	-	0.00
<b>Total amount recognized in other comprehensive income</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>
Employer contributions premium cost	-	-	-
<b>Benefit payments</b>			
Closing net at 31 March 2024	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: The determination of discount rate is based upon the market yields available on government bonds or the accounting rate with a term that matches that of the liability. Return rates include risk rates for inflation, security, premium and other related factors as long term rate.

**10.1 Sensitivity analysis**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	0.00	0.00
Assumptions pertained adjustments at other 31/03/24	0.00	0.00

**10.2 The significant actuarial assumptions used are follows**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Discount Rate	7.00%	7.00%
Rate of Salary Increase	0.00%	0.00%
Mortality Rate	100% (2024) / 100% (2023)	

**10.3 Sensitivity analysis**

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Defined benefit obligation under base scenario	0.00	0.00
1. Discount rate - Decreased by 2%	0.00	0.00
Discount rate - Increased by 2%	0.00	0.00
2. Salary increase rate - Decreased by 2%	0.00	0.00
Salary increase rate - Increased by 2%	0.00	0.00
3. Mortality rate - Decreased by 2%	0.00	0.00
Mortality rate - Increased by 2%	0.00	0.00
4. Sensitivity rate - Decreased by 2%	0.00	0.00
Sensitivity rate - Increased by 2%	0.00	0.00

Methods and assumptions used in preparing sensitivity analysis and their limitations: Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, assumed salary increase and mortality.

**10.4 Sensitivity analysis of the benefit payments**  
 Weighted average duration of liability plan is 1 year. Expected benefit payments for each year shown over the years is given in table below.

Particulars	Year ended 31 March 2024	Year ended 31 March 2023
Year 1	0.00	0.00
Year 2 onwards	-	-
31/03/2024	-	-

Assumed post-employment benefit plans typically require the company to accrue liability such as retirement fee, interest rate fee, longevity fee and salary fee.

1. Retirement fee	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period or government bonds.
2. Interest fee	A decrease in the fixed interest rate will increase the plan liability. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of the plan assets.
3. Longevity fee	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
4. Salary fee	The present value of the defined benefit liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.



Notes 17: Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2022	For the Year Ended 31st March 2021
Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment	21.00	2.00
Amortisation on Right of Use Assets	28.00	25.00
	49.00	27.00
Less: Transfer to Capital Work in Progress	(28.00)	(25.00)
Total	21.00	2.00

Notes 18: Other expenses

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2022	For the Year Ended 31st March 2021
Travel and Fuel	22.00	-
Office and Stationery Expenses	25.00	-
Phone & Travel	1.00	1.00
Advertisement Expenses	2.00	-
Repairs & Maintenance	1.00	1.00
Printing fee	1.00	1.00
Medical, Entertainment	-	1.00
- Health fee	1.00	1.00
- on Other services	42.00	42.00
Security Charges	2.75	2.50
Printing & Stationery	0.50	0.50
Bank Charge	-	-
Repair to Building	20.00	20.00
Legal & Professional charges	1.00	-
Computer Expenses	1.00	2.75
Capital Work in Progress Building Interest Cost	1.00	1.00
Insurance Charges	1.00	1.00
Freight Charges	1.00	1.00
Commission Expenses	-	-
Wages on Market (MPL) Loss on Forward Contract	20.00	1.00
Office Maintenance (Purchase)	-	1.00
Interest on Loan	1.00	1.00
Total	126.00	80.00

Notes 19: Earnings per share

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2022	For the Year Ended 31st March 2021
(a) Profit / (Loss) attributable to equity holders of the company, used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs. in lakh)	114.00	100.00
(b) Weighted average number of equity shares used in the determination of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (in numbers)	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
(c) Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	11.40	10.00

















**SHYAM SUDD LIMITED**

Notes to the financial statements for the period from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024

**Note 14 - Ratio Analysis and its elements**

S.No.	Ratio	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	% Change	Reason for variation
1	Current ratio	1.03	1.04	-0%	Due to significant increase in Capital Creditors on commissioning of mill during the year end.
2	Debt equity ratio	1.18	1.05	1.05%	Since the company has started further work from both and other Corporate issued from its related party during the current year.
3	Debt service coverage ratio	0.111	0.221	0%	Not Applicable
4	Return on equity ratio	0.101	0.011	89%	Due to increased losses in current year on higher administrative expenses and Depreciation on PPE commissioning of commercial operations.
5	Inventory turnover ratio	1.12	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
6	Trade receivables turnover ratio	0.85	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	0.33	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
8	Net capital turnover ratio	0.08	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
9	Net profit ratio	-1.14	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	
10	Return on capital employed	0.111	0.04	01%	
11	Return on investment	0.18	0.01	1700%	

S.No.	Ratio	Numerator	Denominator
1	Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities
2	Debt equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity
3	Debt service coverage ratio	Earning for Debt Service + Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + interest + other adjustments for loss on sale of fixed assets etc.	Debt service + Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments
4	Return on equity ratio	Net Profit after taxes - Preference Dividend (if any)	Average Shareholder's Equity
5	Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold OR sales	Average Inventory = Opening + Closing balance / 2
6	Trade receivables turnover ratio	Net Credit Sales/Net credit sales consist of gross credit sales minus sales return. Trade receivable includes sundry debtors and bill's receivable.	Average Trade Debtors = Opening + Closing balance / 2
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	Net Credit Purchases -Net credit purchases consist of gross credit purchases minus purchase return	Average Trade Payables
8	Net capital turnover ratio	Net Sales/Net sales shall be calculated as total sales minus sales returns.	Working Capital = Working Capital shall be calculated as Current assets minus current liabilities.
9	Net profit ratio	Net profit shall be after tax	Net Sales minus sales shall be calculated as total sales minus sales returns.
10	Return on capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital Employed = Tangible Net Worth + Total Debt - Deferred Tax Liability
11	Return on investment	Interest earned	Weighted Average Investment (Based on no. of days)



**QUESTER HOLD LIMITED**

Notes to the financial statements for the period from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024

**Note 20: Other Statutory Information**

- (1) The Company has not given any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable or demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment granted to promoters, directors, staffs and related parties.
- (2) The Company has issued term loans during the year as disclosed in note no. 10 of the financial statements. The Company does not have any charge to be filed or completion which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period during the year ending 31st March, 2024.
- (3) The Company does not have any benami property. Further, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the provisions of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (4) The Company does not have transactions with any stock off companies during the year.
- (5) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the current financial year.
- (6) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (intermediates) with the understanding that the intermediary shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like for or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (7) The Company has not advanced any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (8) The Company have not any such transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been considered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (9) The Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (10) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (b) of section 3 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- (11) The company has not filed any Scheme of Arrangements in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 with any Competent authority.





**Note 36 – Other Accounting Policies**

**I. Intangible assets and amortization**

- a) Intangible assets are stated at cost of acquisition including duties, taxes and expenses incidental to acquisition and installation, net of accumulated depreciation. Recognition of costs as an asset is ceased when the asset is complete and available for its intended use.
- b) Intangible assets are amortized on straight line method as per the management estimated useful life.
- c) Gains and Losses on disposal of intangible assets are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

**II. Impairment of assets**

Assessment is done at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an asset (property, plant and equipment) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset/ cash generating unit is made. Assets whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to their coverable amount.

Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's net selling price and its value in use. Assessment is also done at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased /increased. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as and when the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying value of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount so that the increased carrying value does not exceed the carrying value that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss immediately.

**III. Financial assets**

The financial assets are classified in the following categories:

- a) financial assets measured at amortised cost,
- b) financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), and
- c) financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The classification of financial assets depends on the Company's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flow.

At initial recognition, the financial assets are measured at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in the Profit or Loss. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their recognition except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for arranging financial assets.

**Financial assets measured at amortised cost**

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss. Trade Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less provision for impairment, if any.



## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

### **a. Financial instruments measured at FVTPL**

Financial instruments included within FVTPL category are measured initially as well as at each reporting period at fair value plus transaction costs as applicable. Fair value movements are recorded in statement of profit and loss.

Investments in units of mutual funds, alternate investment funds (AIF's) other than equity and debentures are accounted for at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

### **b. Financial assets at FVOCI**

Financial assets are measured at FVOCI if these financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### **c. Equity Instruments**

The Company measures all equity investments at fair value. The Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, and accordingly there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

### **d. De-recognition of financial asset**

The Company de-recognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or it transfers the financial assets and such transfer qualifies for de-recognition under Ind AS 109 : Financial Instruments.

### **e. Impairment of financial assets**

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Only for Trade receivables, the simplified approach of lifetime expected credit losses is recognised from initial recognition of the receivables as required by Ind AS 109: Financial Instruments. Impairment loss allowance recognised /reversed during the year is charged/written back to Statement of Profit and Loss.

## **IV. Financial Liabilities**

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction cost of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.





## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

For Trade and Other Payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amount approximates fair value to short-term maturity of these instruments. A financial liability (or a part of financial liability) is de-recognised from Company's balance sheet when obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

### **V. Subsidy / Government Grant**

Subsidy/ Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate and presented within other income.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in other liabilities as deferred income and are credited to statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets and presented within other income.

### **VI. Inventories**

Raw materials, Stores and Spares parts and components are valued at cost (cost being determined on weighted average basis) or at net realizable value whichever is lower.

Semi-finished goods and stock-in-process are valued at raw materials cost-plus labour and overheads apportioned on an estimated basis depending upon the stages of completion or at net realizable value whichever is lower. Finished goods are valued at cost or at net realizable value whichever is lower.

Cost includes all direct cost and applicable manufacturing and administrative overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

### **VII. Employee Benefit**

#### **a) Defined Contribution Plans**

Payments to defined contribution plans are charged as an expense as they fall due. Payments made to state managed retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as payments to defined contribution schemes where the Company's obligations under the schemes are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution benefit scheme.

#### **b) Defined Benefit Plans**

For defined benefit retirement schemes the cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method, with actuarial valuation being carried out at each balance sheet date. Re-measurement gains and losses of the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. The service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset) is treated as a net expense within employment costs.

Past service cost is recognised as an expense when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs or when any related restructuring costs or termination benefits are recognised, whichever is earlier. The



## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined-benefit obligation as reduced by the fair value plan assets.

### **c) Compensated absences**

Accrued liability in respect of leave encashment benefit on retirement is accounted for on the basis of actuarial valuation as at the year end and charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss every year.

Compensated absences benefits comprising of entitlement to accumulation of Sick Leave is provided for based on actuarial valuation at the end of the year. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Accumulated Compensated Absences and Gratuity liability, which are expected to be availed or encashed or contributed within the 12 months from the end of the year are treated as short term employee benefits and the balance expected to availed or encashed or contributed beyond 12 months from the year end are treated as long term liability.

### **d) Other short term employee benefits**

Short Term Employee Benefits are recognized as an expense as per the Company's schemes based on expected obligation on an undiscounted basis.

## **VIII. Revenue Recognition**

Revenue from contracts with customers are recognised when the control over the goods or services promised in the contract are transferred to the customer. The amount of revenue recognised depicts the transfer of promised goods and services to customers for an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is entitled to in exchange for the goods and services.

Revenue from sale of products is recognised when the control over such goods have been transferred, being when the goods are delivered to the customers. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped or delivered to the specific location as the case may be, risks of loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the customer has accepted the goods in accordance with the sales contract or the acceptance provisions have lapsed or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. Revenue from these sales are recognized based on the price specified in the contract, which is fixed. No element of significant financing is deemed present as the sales are made against the receipt of advance or with an agreed credit period (in a very few cases) of upto 90 days, which is consistent with the market practices. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only passage of time is required before payment is done.

### **Other Income**

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking in to account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established.

Export incentives are accounted as income in the Statement of Profit and Loss when no significant uncertainty exists regarding the collectability.

Insurance claims are accounted to the extent the Company is reasonably certain of their ultimate collection.





## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

### **IX. Foreign Currency Transaction**

#### **(i) Initial Recognition**

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

#### **(ii) Subsequent Recognition**

At the reporting date, foreign currency non-monetary items carried in terms of historical cost are reported using the exchange rate at the date of transactions.

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency are restated at the end of accounting period at the closing exchange rate.

Gains/losses arising out of fluctuations in the exchange rates are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

### **X. Derivative Instruments**

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange contracts to hedge its exposure to movements in foreign exchange rates relating to the underlying transactions.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value and resulting gain or loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss at the end of each reporting period. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation of derivative instruments is recognized as income or expense for the period.

### **XI. Taxation**

Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year based on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

### **XII. Borrowing Cost**

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale.



## **Gloster Nuvo Limited**

Notes annexed to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024

Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### **XIII. Provisions:**

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date and are not discounted to its present value, except where the effect of the time value of money is material.

### **XIV. Contingent Liabilities:**

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

### **XV. Earnings per Share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### **XVI. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, and balance with bank in current account.

### **XVII. Dividends**

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Company, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

### **XVIII. Offsetting Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

### **XIX. Segment reporting**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Board of directors of the Company has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker.





**GLISTER NUVO LIMITED**

Notes to the financial statements for the period from 1st April, 2023 to 31st March, 2024

**Note 27 - Reconciliation of Tax Expense**

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expense based on the domestic effective tax rate and the reported tax expense in profit or loss are as follows:

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2024	For the Year ended 31st March 2023
Current tax	-	-
Tax for earlier year	-	-
Deferred tax	0.08	16.11
<b>Total Tax expenses</b>	<b>0.08</b>	<b>16.11</b>

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2024	For the Year ended 31st March 2023
Profit/(loss) before tax	(114.34)	(59.90)
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate @ 11.5848	17.10%	17.10%
<b>Expected tax expense (A)</b>	<b>(19.81)</b>	<b>(10.24)</b>
Tax effect of adjustment to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported income tax expense		
Non-deductible expenses	-	-
Deferred tax not recognized on business loss/absorbed depreciation	19.81	10.24
Income taxable under other sources at higher rate	-	-
<b>Total income tax expense (B)</b>	<b>(0.00)</b>	<b>10.24</b>
<b>Actual tax expense recognized in statement of profit &amp; loss (C=A+B)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

\*Deferred tax asset for temporary difference has not been recognized in accordance with Ind AS 12 on income taxes as there is no reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

**Note 28: Segment Information**

The company has commenced operation w.e.f from 30.09.2024. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Glister Corfil and is engaged in the manufacture and sale of auto & allied products and accordingly there is one reportable operating segment as per Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments.

**Note 29:**

The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, there are no instances of audit trail feature being tampered.

**Note 30:**

Previous period's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

For Singh & Co.  
Firm Registration No. 8022668  
Chartered Accountants

*Anshu Dhillon*  
Anshu Dhillon  
Partner  
Membership No. 060176



For and on behalf of Board of Directors

*[Signature]* Director H.S

*[Signature]* Director S.H

*[Signature]* Director

*[Signature]* COO

*[Signature]* COO

Place : Gurgaon  
Date : May 28, 2024

*[Signature]* Company Secretary